

# DS1258Y/AB 128K x 16 Nonvolatile SRAM

#### **FEATURES**

- 10 year minimum data retention in the absence of external power
- Data is automatically protected during a power loss
- Separate upper byte and lower byte chip select inputs
- Unlimited write cycles
- Low-power CMOS
- Read and write access times as fast as 70 ns
- Lithium energy source is electrically disconnected to retain freshness until power is applied for the first time
- Full ±10% operating range (DS1258Y)
- Optional ±5% operating range (DS1258AB)
- Optional industrial temperature range of -40°C to 85°C, designated IND

#### PIN ASSIGNMENT

			,
CEU	<b>1</b>	40 <b>I</b>	Vcc
CEL	■ 2	39 <b>I</b>	WE
DQ15	■ 3	38	A16
DQ14	■ 4	37 <b>I</b>	A15
DQ13	<b>5</b>	36 I	A14
DQ12	■ 6	35 <b>l</b>	A13
DQ11	■ 7	34 <b>l</b>	A12
DQ10	■ 8	33 <b>l</b>	A11
DQ9	■ 9	32 <b>l</b>	A10
DQ8	■ 10	31 <b>I</b>	A9
GND	<b>■</b> 11	30 <b>I</b>	GNI
DQ7	<b>1</b> 2	29	A8
DQ6	<b>1</b> 3	28 <b>l</b>	Α7
DQ5	<b>1</b> 4	27	A6
DQ4	<b>1</b> 5	26 <b>l</b>	A5
DQ3	<b>1</b> 6	25 <b>l</b>	A4
DQ2	<b>1</b> 7	24	АЗ
DQ1	■ 18	23	A2
DQ0	■ 19	22	A1
OE	■ 20	21	A0

40-PIN ENCAPSULATED PACKAGE 740 MIL EXTENDED

### **PIN DESCRIPTION**

A0–A16 – Address Inputs DQ0–DQ15 – Data In/Data Out

CEU – Chip Enable Upper Byte
CEL – Chip Enable Lower Byte

 WE
 −
 Write Enable

 ŌE
 −
 Output Enable

 V<sub>CC</sub>
 −
 Power Supply (+5V)

GND - Ground

#### DESCRIPTION

The DS1258 128K x 16 Nonvolatile SRAMs are 2,097,152 bit fully static, nonvolatile SRAMs, organized as 131,072 words by 16 bits. Each NV SRAM has a self contained lithium energy source and control circuitry which constantly monitors  $V_{CC}$  for an out–of–tolerance condition. When such a condition occurs, the lithium energy source is automatically switched on and write

protection is unconditionally enabled to prevent data corruption. DIP–package DS1258 devices can be used in place of solutions which build nonvolatile 128K x 16 memory by utilizing a variety of discrete components. There is no limit to the number of write cycles which the DS12658Y/AB can accept, and no additional support circuitry is required for microprocessor interfacing.

#### **READ MODE**

The DS1258 devices execute a read cycle whenever WE (Write Enable) is inactive (high) and either/both of CEU or CEL (Chip Enables) are active (low) and OE (Output Enable) is active (low). The unique address specified by the 17 address inputs (A0-A16) defines which of the 131,072 words of data is accessed. The status of CEU and CEL determines whether all or part of the addressed word is accessed. If CEU is active with CEL inactive, then only the upper byte of the addressed word is accessed. If CEU is inactive with CEL active, then only the lower byte of the addressed word is accessed. If both the CEU and CEL inputs are active (low), then the entire 16 bit word is accessed. Valid data will be available to the 16 data output drivers within tACC (Access Time) after the last address input signal is stable, providing that  $\overline{\text{CEU}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{CEL}}$  and  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  access times are also satisfied. If OE. CEU, and CEL access times are not satisfied, then data access must be measured from the later occuring signal, and the limiting parameter is either too for CEU, CEL, or toe for OE rather than address access.

### WRITE MODE

The DS1258 devices execute a write cycle whenever WE and either/both of CEU or CEL are active (low) after address inputs are stable. The unique address specified by the 17 address inputs (A0-A16) defines which of the 131,072 words of data is accessed. The status of CEU and CEL determines whether all or part of the addressed word is accessed. If CEU is active with CEL inactive, then only the upper byte of the addressed word is accessed. If  $\overline{\text{CEU}}$  is inactive with  $\overline{\text{CEL}}$  active, then only the lower byte of the addressed word is accessed. If both the CEU and CEL inputs are active (low), then the entire 16-bit word is accessed. The write cycle is terminated by the earlier rising edge of CEU and/or CEL, or WE. All address inputs must be kept valid throughout the write cycle. WE must return to the high state for a minimum recovery time (t<sub>WR</sub>) before another cycle can be initiated. The OE control signal should be kept inactive (high) during write cycles to avoid bus contention. However, if the output drivers are enabled (CEU and/or CEL, and OE active) then WE will disable the outputs in topw from its falling edge.

# **READ/WRITE FUNCTION** Table 1

ŌĒ	WE	CEL	CEU	V <sub>CC</sub> CURRENT	DQ0-DQ7	DQ8-DQ15	CYCLE PERFORMED
Н	Н	Х	Х	Icco	High-Z	High-Z	Output Disabled
L	Н	L	L		Output	Output	
L	Н	L	Н	Icco	Output	High-Z	Read Cycle
L	Н	Н	L		High–Z	Output	
Х	L	L	L		Input	Input	
Х	L	L	Н	Icco	Input	High–Z	Write Cycle
Х	L	Н	L		High–Z	Input	
Х	Х	Н	Н	Iccs	High–Z	High–Z	Output Disabled

#### **DATA RETENTION MODE**

The DS1258AB provides full functional capability for  $V_{CC}$  greater than 4.75 volts, and write protects by 4.5 volts. The DS1258Y provides full functional capability for  $V_{CC}$  greater than 4.5 volts and write protects by 4.25 volts. Data is maintained in the absence of  $V_{CC}$  without any additional support circuitry. The nonvolatile static RAMs constantly monitor  $V_{CC}$ . Should the supply voltage decay, the NV SRAMs automatically write protect themselves, all inputs become "don't care," and all outputs become high impedance. As  $V_{CC}$  falls below approximately 3.0 volts, a power switching circuit connects the lithium energy source to RAM to retain data.

During power-up, when  $V_{CC}$  rises above approximately 3.0 volts, the power switching circuit connects external  $V_{CC}$  to RAM and disconnects the lithium energy source. Normal RAM operation can resume after  $V_{CC}$  exceeds 4.75 volts for the DS1258AB and 4.5 volts for the DS1258Y.

# **FRESHNESS SEAL**

The DS1258 devices are shipped from Dallas Semiconductor with the lithium energy sources disconnected, guaranteeing full energy capacity. When  $V_{CC}$  is first applied at a level greater than  $V_{TP}$ , the lithium energy source is enabled for battery backup operation.

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\***

Voltage on Any Pin Relative to Ground **Operating Temperature** Storage Temperature Soldering Temperature

-0.3V to +7.0V  $0^{\circ}$ C to +70°C, -40°C to +85°C for IND parts -40°C to +70°C, -40°C to +85°C for IND parts 260°C for 10 seconds

## RECOMMENDED DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

(t<sub>A</sub>: See Note 10)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
DS1258Y Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
DS1258AB Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	4.75	5.0	5.25	V	
Logic 1	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.2		V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
Logic 0	V <sub>IL</sub>	0.0		+0.8	V	

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V<sub>CC</sub>=5V  $\pm$  5% for DS1258AB) (t<sub>A</sub>: See Note 10) (V<sub>CC</sub>=5V  $\pm$  10% for DS1258Y)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>IL</sub>	-2.0		+2.0	μΑ	
I/O Leakage Current CE ≥ V <sub>IH</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub>	I <sub>IO</sub>	-1.0		+1.0	μΑ	
Output Current @ 2.4V	I <sub>OH</sub>	-1.0			mA	
Output Current @ 0.4V	I <sub>OL</sub>	2.0			mA	
Standby Current CEU, CEL=2.2V	I <sub>CCS1</sub>		10	20	mA	
Standby Current CEU, CEL=V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.5V	I <sub>CCS2</sub>		6	10	mA	
Operating Current	I <sub>CCO1</sub>			170	mA	
Write Protection Voltage (DS1258Y)	V <sub>TP</sub>	4.25	4.37	4.5	V	
Write Protection Voltage (DS1258AB)	V <sub>TP</sub>	4.50	4.62	4.75	V	

#### CAPACITANCE

 $(t_A = 25^{\circ}C)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>		20	25	pF	
Input/Output Capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>		5	10	pF	

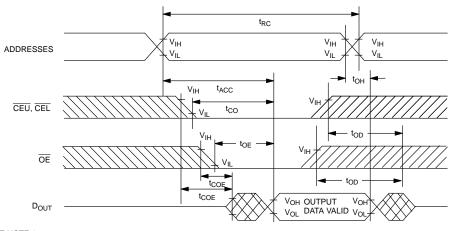
<sup>\*</sup> This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

**AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

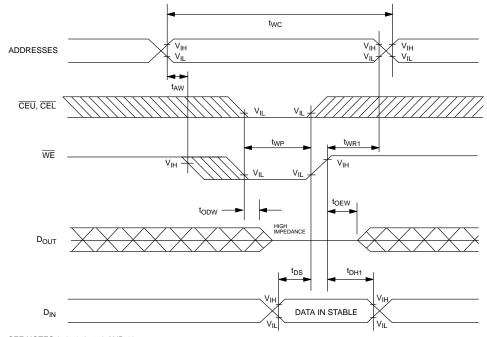
(V<sub>CC</sub>=5V  $\pm$  5% for DS1258AB) (t<sub>A</sub>: See Note 10) (V<sub>CC</sub>=5V  $\pm$  10% for DS1258Y)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL		8Y-70 BAB-70	DS1258Y-100 DS1258AB-100		UNITS	NOTES
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	]	
Read Cycle Time	t <sub>RC</sub>	70		100		ns	
Access Time	t <sub>ACC</sub>		70		100	ns	
OE to Output Valid	t <sub>OE</sub>		35		50	ns	
CE to Output Valid	t <sub>CO</sub>		70		100	ns	
OE or CE to Output Valid	t <sub>COE</sub>	5		5		ns	5
Output High Z from Deselection	t <sub>OD</sub>		25		35	ns	5
Output Hold from Address Change	t <sub>OH</sub>	5		5		ns	
Write Cycle Time	t <sub>WC</sub>	70		100		ns	
Write Pulse Width	t <sub>WP</sub>	55		75		ns	3
Address Setup Time	t <sub>AW</sub>	0		0		ns	
Write Recovery Time	t <sub>WR1</sub>	5 15		5 15		ns ns	12 13
Output High Z from WE	t <sub>ODW</sub>		25		35	ns	5
Output Active from WE	t <sub>OEW</sub>	5		5		ns	5
Data Setup Time	t <sub>DS</sub>	30		40		ns	4
Data Hold Time	t <sub>DH1</sub>	0 10		0 10		ns ns	12 13

## **READ CYCLE**

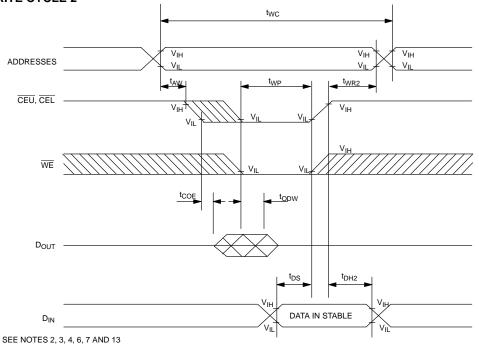


# **WRITE CYCLE 1**

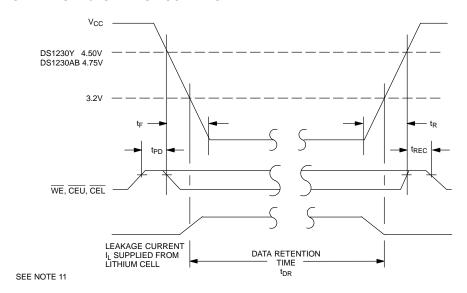


SEE NOTES 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 AND 12

# **WRITE CYCLE 2**



## POWER-DOWN/POWER-UP CONDITION



# POWER-DOWN/POWER-UP TIMING

(t<sub>A</sub>: See Note 10)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
CEU, CEL, WE at V <sub>IH</sub> before Power-Down	t <sub>PD</sub>	0			μS	11
V <sub>CC</sub> Slew from V <sub>TP</sub> to 0V	t <sub>F</sub>	300			μs	
V <sub>CC</sub> Slew from 0V to V <sub>TP</sub>	t <sub>R</sub>	300			μS	
CEU, CEL or at V <sub>IH</sub> after Power-Up	t <sub>REC</sub>	2		125	ms	

 $(t_A = 25^{\circ}C)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Expected Data Retention Time	t <sub>DR</sub>	10			years	9

#### WARNING:

Under no circumstance are negative undershoots, of any amplitude, allowed when device is in battery backup mode.

# **NOTES:**

- 1. WE is high for a read cycle.
- 2.  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$  or  $V_{IL}$ . If  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$  during write cycle, the output buffers remain in a high impedance state.
- 3. t<sub>WP</sub> is specified as the logical AND of  $\overline{\text{CEU}}$  or  $\overline{\text{CEL}}$  and  $\overline{\text{WE}}$ . t<sub>WP</sub> is measured from the latter of  $\overline{\text{CEU}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{CEL}}$  or  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  going low to the earlier of  $\overline{\text{CEU}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{CEL}}$  or  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  going high.

- 4. t<sub>DS</sub> is measured from the earlier of  $\overline{\text{CEU}}$  or  $\overline{\text{CEL}}$  or  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  going high.
- 5. These parameters are sampled with a 5 pF load and are not 100% tested.
- 6. If the CEU or CEL low transition occurs simultaneously with or later than the WE low transition in the output buffers remain in a high impedance state during this period.
- 7. If the  $\overline{\text{CEU}}$  or  $\overline{\text{CEL}}$  high transition occurs prior to or simultaneously with the  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  high transition, the output buffers remain in high impedance state during this period.
- 8. If WE is low or the WE low transition occurs prior to or simultaneously with the CEU or CEL low transition, the output buffers remain in a high impedance state during this period.
- Each DS1258 has a built-in switch that disconnects the lithium source until V<sub>CC</sub> is first applied by the user.
   The expected t<sub>DR</sub> is defined as accumulative time in the absence of V<sub>CC</sub> starting from the time power is first applied by the user.
- 10. All AC and DC electrical characteristics are valid over the full operating temperature range. For standard products, this range is 0°C to 70°C. For industrial products (IND), this range is –40°C to +85°C.
- 11. In a power down condition the voltage on any pin may not exceed the voltage on V<sub>CC</sub>.
- 12. t<sub>WR1</sub>, t<sub>DH1</sub> are measured from WE going high.
- 13. t<sub>WR2</sub>, t<sub>DH2</sub> are measured from CEU OR CEL going high.

#### DC TEST CONDITIONS

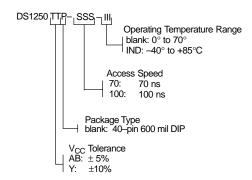
Outputs Open Cycle = 200 ns All voltages are referenced to ground

#### **AC TEST CONDITIONS**

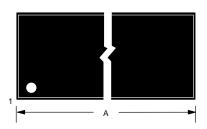
Output Load: 100 pF + 1TTL Gate Input Pulse Levels: 0.0 to 3.0 volts Timing Measurement Reference Levels Input: 1.5V Output: 1.5V

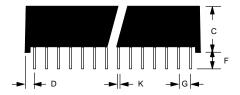
Input Pulse Rise and Fall Times: 5 ns

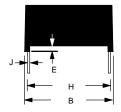
#### ORDERING INFORMATION



# DS1258Y/AB NONVOLATILE SRAM 40-PIN 740 MIL EXTENDED MODULE







PKG	40-PIN					
DIM	MIN	MAX				
A IN.	2.080	2.100				
MM	52.83	53.34				
B IN.	0.715	0.740				
MM	18.16	18.80				
C IN.	0.345	0.365				
MM	8.76	9.27				
D IN.	0.085	0.115				
MM	2.16	2.92				
E IN.	0.015	0.030				
MM	0.38	0.76				
F IN.	0.120	0.160				
MM	3.05	4.06				
G IN.	0.090	0.110				
MM	2.29	2.79				
H IN.	0.590	0.630				
MM	14.99	16.00				
J IN.	0.008	0.012				
MM	0.20	0.30				
K IN.	0.015	0.025				
MM	0.43	0.58				